Development of a Pediatric Tissue Donation Program for Research that Aligns with Processes for Transplant

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Background: The Developmental Genotype Tissue Expression (dGTEx) project is a large-scale NIH-funded initiative to address a significant gap in our understanding of how genes change throughout pediatric development. The dGTEx project has three primary goals: 1) to create an atlas of gene expression across tissues from pediatric donors, 2) evaluate gene expression during development and 3) create a biobank of pediatric tissue and genetic data for the scientific community.

Hypothesis: Pediatric tissue donation for research can be supported at organ procurement organizations (OPOs) via recovery methods that align with transplant opportunities.

Methods: The dGTEx Biospecimen Procurement Center (BPC) is a multi-institutional effort led by NDRI collaborating with a select number of OPOs across the US, including Center for Organ Recovery and Education (CORE), ConnectLife, Donor Network West, Gift of Life Donor Program, Infinite Legacy, and LifeGift. The project will collect biospecimens from 120 donors aged 0-18 years. OPOs utilize project-specific donor screening tools and authorization for donation to approach eligible donors and standardized recovery protocols to collect 40 tissue types from each donor to ensure suitability for scientific experimental methodologies.

Results: Here we report the screening, authorization, and recovery results of the dGTEx project in the first year of the tissue collection effort, resulting in 25 successful donor recoveries. We provide details of procedures developed to overcome key challenges with pediatric donations for research, including coordination with medical examiners/coroners and recovery protocols that support tissue donation for allograft processing. The dGTEx program has developed tools to coordinate screening with medical examiners/coroners, including the ability to provide pathology reports, and supporting the recovery of tissues for research post-autopsy. The heart is an organ of great interest for dGTEx. The dGTEx program has developed varying recovery protocols for heart to include heart apex recovery when donors are also eligible for valve donation for allograft processing.

Conclusion: The dGTEx BPC has successfully implemented strategies for donor authorization, biospecimen collection and processing at partner OPOs for research recovery. The dGTEx BPC remains responsive to the needs of allograft processors and medical examiner/coroners while supporting rigorous and uniform collection of human biospecimens from pediatric donors to generate consistent and reproducible experimental results to advance the field. By allowing flexibility within the recovery parameters for the project, dGTEx can support donor families' wishes for donation for research as well as transplant. dGTEx is an excellent example of how OPOs can support large scale, complex tissue recoveries from pediatric donors for research.

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Introduction



Background: The adult genotype tissue expression (GTEx) established a molecular and data analysis resource of gene expression patterns in adults; however, these patterns are relatively stable throughout adulthood. The changes in gene expression during post-natal development are largely unstudied. These changes can impact health and disease during childhood and into adulthood. The Developmental Genotype Tissue Expression (dGTEx) project is a large-scale initiative to address a significant gap in our understanding of how genes change during development.

Goals and Impact

Establishing a Groundbreaking Pediatric Biospecimen Resource

- Establish a resource database of gene expression patterns in multiple pediatric tissues
- •Create a biobank of tissues and associated data for future scientific studies
- Examine family decision maker (FDMs) and tissue requester perspectives regarding pediatric donation for the advancement of scientific research

Donor Eligibility

Age

• 0-18 years old

Infectious Disease Risk Exclusion Criteria

- History of and/or exposure to HIV/AIDS, HCV, or HBV
 - History of IV drug use in the last 5 years

Hospital Admission Details Exclusion Criteria

- Whole blood transfusion in last 48 hrs
- Current positive blood cultures (sepsis)
- Hospitalization or death due to COVID

Past Medical History Exclusion Criteria

- Current or Metastatic cancer
- Chemo-radiation in the past 24 months
- Known chromosomal or genetic disorder
- Failure to thrive or total parenteral nutrition

Brain Only Exclusion Criteria

- · Death caused by brain injury or head trauma
 - Ventilator time > 24 hrs
- Recovery must be able to begin within 24h of cross-clamp or cardiac cessation
- OPOs utilize dGTEx specific donor screening tools to identify eligible donors

Tissue Collection

- Whole Blood*
- Stomach and digestive tract*
- Muscles*
- Neurological tissues

Preservation Methods:

Biobank

Pathology

- Adipose*
- Skin*
- Liver
- Kidney

Frozen ___

Fixed =

- Whole brain
- · Whole heart with associated vessels
- Whole lung with airways
- Pancreas
- Reproductive tissue
- Spleen and lymph nodes*
- Aorta*

Isolation of fibroblasts (skin) and leukocytes (blood)

- Endocrine glands
- * Minimum List of Tissues (20 tissues)

Tissue Sampling Designs for Pediatric Donor Challenges

- Not all tissues are required for dGTEx allowing flexibility for alignment with transplant opportunities and medical examiner/coroner needs
- Tissue samples size is small (2.5cm \times 1cm \times 1cm) for most tissues
- Pathology reports for whole organs (brain, lung and heart) can be provided upon request
- Medical examiner/coroner infographic and education materials provided to OPOs
- Varying recovery protocols for heart

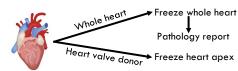


Figure 1. Differing heart recovery protocols align with tissue processor and/or medical examiner/coroner needs

Program Year 1 (PY1) Donations

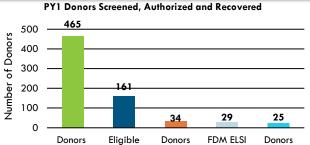


Figure 2. PY1 Donor Authorization and Recovery. Twenty-five donor recoveries have occurred with 21% of FDMs of eligible donors authorizing tissue donation with 18% FDMs consenting for ELSI study.

Authorized

Consent

Recovered

Donors

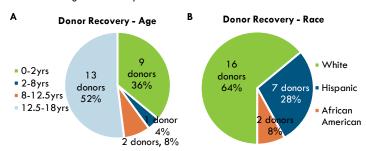


Figure 3. PY1 Donor Recovery by Age and Race. Donor recoveries by age (A) and race (B) indicate diverse donor race and age distribution concentrated in the 0-2yrs and 12.5yrs age categories. Most donor recoveries have been male (20 donors) with 5 female donors.

Conclusions

- The dGTEx BPC has successfully implemented strategies for donor authorization, biospecimen collection and processing with multiple OPO partners for pediatric donors that align with transplant processes
- The dGTEx program aligns with needs of allograft processors and medical examiner/coroners while supporting families wishes for donation to research
- •Contact NDRI to learn more about dGTEx or if interested in participating (pvanhoose@ndriresource.org). The current dGTEx OPO network includes: ConnectLife, Center for Organ Recovery and Education, Donor Network West, Gift of Life Donor Program, Infinite Legacy and LifeGift.
- \bullet The dGTEx BPC will be screening for pediatric donations for ${\sim}35$ months